

# Behaviour Management Policy

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Date of Next Review	
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#### School Aim:

We want Brooklands to be a happy, safe place where we can work and learn together successfully. A place where expectations are clear and pupils and staff feel respected and show respect to others and their environment.

The school expects every member of the school community to behave in a considerate and respectful way towards others.

## Objectives:

- To provide a caring, friendly and secure learning environment that supports children in making positive behaviour choices and developing their empathy and understanding of others.
- To ensure that curriculum and teaching methods are stimulating, varied and appropriate to avoid misbehaviour through boredom, lack of understanding or lack of progress.
- To maintain high standards of behaviour with a policy which is consistently and fairly applied.
- To use a positive reward system to encourage our pupils to make positive choices.
- To use a clear and transparent sanction system which is communicated to parents so that they can discuss behaviour choices with their child.

#### Golden Rules:

The school's classroom and play ground rules are based on the Golden Rules':

- ❖ We are gentle.
- We are kind and helpful.
- ❖ We listen.
- ❖ We are honest.
- ❖ We work hard.
- ❖ We look after property.

## How do we promote good behaviour, self-discipline and respect?

- By ensuring consistent routines, expectations and boundaries of behaviour that are well defined and understood by staff, pupils and parents.
- By rewarding positive behaviour.
- By teaching pupils that actions and choices have consequences and helping them to develop empathy and understading of others.
- By applying rewards and sanctions fairly and consistently.
- By taking opportunites for relational approaches such as restorative enquiry following incidents, bringing those involved together to repair reationships and mediate disagreements.
- By direct teaching of social and communication skills, for example through a progressive PSHE curriculum, circle time and cross-curricular opportunities.
- By starting each day with a clean slate for every child and making it clear that it is the behaviour choices which are not acceptable and not the child.
- By working in partnership with parents.

# How do we reward good behaviour?

Class Dojo is an online system for rewarding good learning behaviours and sharing this
information with parents. Pupils might earn 'Dojos' (points) for good behaviour, kindness and
manners; growth mindset behaviours such as perseverance, learning from mistakes and hard
work; completing homework on time or anything the teacher or teaching assistant see fit to
reward. There are rewards of certificates for the number of Dojos reached: Bronze 50, Silver
100, Gold 200, Platinum 350. These are given in our weekly celebration assembly. Each time a

child reaches a multiple of 25 Dojos, they will be rewarded with a token for 25 team points – see below.

- Each child's team point tokens are placed in the collection/display box and added to the house total which is announced each week in celebration assembly. Team point events will also take place; these will include our Sports day events. At the end of the year, a team point trophy is awarded to the winning team.
- Star of the week is given to an individual who shows a good example to others through demonstrating the ability to try new things, work hard, concentrate, push yourself, imagine, improve, undetstand others and don't give up.
- As staff we also give positive comments and 'Dojos' to the children in our school and try to catch children being good, which sets the tone for positive behaviour management.
- If a pupil has a whole week of remaining in or returning promptly to the green band of our visual behaviour display (see sanctions below) then they earn an entry into our "Green Raffle" in Celebration Assembly. Each week, a winner is picked randomly by computer and they can then choose a prize from our prize wall.
- Every child who stays in the raffle every week of term receives a special 'badge' on Class Dojo accessible to both them and their parents, commending this. Those who manage to stay in every week for the whole year, receive a certificate celebrating this achievement.
- 'Sparkly Green' is used to reward exceptional work / behaviour within class. A certificate is given out by the class teacher.

#### What action do we take to address unwanted behaviour?

Wherever possible, we endeavour to get the best from our pupils through the rewarding of good behaviour and correct choices. However, we realise that to maintain a sustainable productive learning environment, procedures have to be in place to deal with instances where pupils make wrong choices and these have to be clear for staff, pupils and parents. We therefore have displayed in each classroom a traffic light board.

- All children start in green at the beginning of a day (or morning / afternoon session depending on their age). After an intial verbal warning about a poor behaviour choice they are then moved to orange if the behaviour continues, and an 'Orange Reminder' is recorded on Class Dojo to inform parents and enable conversations about behaviour at home.
- We recognise that there is a need for children who make a mistake to be able to redeem themselves. After each move to orange, a short discussion will take place between the child and a member of staff. Reasons for the move will be explained and the pupil will be encouraged to reflect on their behaviour and work their way back to green. If the child modifies their behaviour positively then the teacher will move them back and may offer verbal recognition of this. If they don't manage to work their way back from Orange then this will again be recorded on Class Dojo as 'Stayed in Orange'.
- If the behaviour continues, then the child's name will be moved to red, recorded on Class Dojo with a brief outline of the type of behaviour and a sanction such as loss of playtime, removal from class or phonecall home may be applied. If an event is more serious (such as a physical incident) then the child may be moved directly to red.

- Loss of play or lunchtime may also be used where children have not applied themselves fully to meet the expectations set within the lesson e.g. not completing work in the time given. This would normally be no longer than 20 minutes.
- If at any point in a week, a child reaches their third red incident, then they will be sent to the Deputy Headteacher, who will liaise with their parents and monitor their behaviour daily for the following weeks.
- High-level or escalating behaviours must be logged on CPOMS to alert SLT. These include: absconding from class / site; physical assault leaving mark; racist or homophobic language; sexualised behaviour, sexual violence or sexual harassment. Bullying concerns must also be logged on CPOMS (see Anti-Bullying Policy).
- In the event of high level / escalating behaviours, or when warranted, the HT/ DHT may go straight to ringing the parents of that child.

# Sanctions May Include (not an exhaustive list):

- Opportunities for children to make amends for their actions
- Move to another table within class
- Move to another classroom / area of the school
- Loss of playtime
- Referral to Head/Deputy Head
- Meeting with child, parents and staff
- Loss of privileges such as membership of clubs, school teams (to be considered carefully alongside our duty to promote equality)
- Loss of privileges such as school visits (to be considered carefully alongside our duty to promote equality and after a thorough risk assessment)
- Repair of deliberate damage, e.g. tidying any mess, cleaning off marks on desks or agreeing with parents a plan to recover any repair or replacement costs
- Working alongside an adult elsewhere in school (time should be used constructively and the pupil must be allowed time to eat or use the toilet)
- Fixed term exclusion (work will be assigned for the child to complete at home)
- Permanent exclusion

## What Reasonable Adjustments Do We Make To The Policy?

- While it is important to be fair and consistent, we recognise that some pupils face additional challenges which can impact on their behaviour for example those children with SEND or those classed as vulnerable for a range of reasons. In this case, the school will decide that reasonable adjustments are needed as to how the behaviour policy is applied.
- Some pupils may be given special arrangements within class, e.g. use of fiddle toys, behaviour charts, cool-down activities and quiet areas.
- In some cases, quiet time may be used out of class, during lesson time. This system will be preagreed between child and staff, to be used during times of anger, stress or anxiety. The priority during these quiet times will be to allow the pupil to calm and return to work as soon as possible.
- Some pupils may be given special arrangements at playtimes or lunch times. These may involve supported activities to address behaviour issues or quiet areas to allow pupils time to reflect on

- their behaviour. Other pupils may join the whole school outside at play or lunch times but will be supported by a named adult.
- Other personalised arrangements may be put into place as necessary and may be formalised on a written Behaviour Plan to share with other staff.
- Referral to external agencies may be made as appropriate to gain further support.

Where special allowances have not been made, the following strategies are among many that may be used to control escalating behaviour.

LEVEL OF BEHAVIOUR	POSSIBLE STRATEGIES USED
Low Level Behaviour	Encouraging independence to self-manage behavior
e.g. Calling out, making silly noises	Identifying triggers and taking appropriate action
	Non-verbal (e.g. The Look, adult proximity)
	Tactical ignoring / Praising wanted behaviour
	Verbal warning / Time to modify behavior / Move to 'Orange'
Disruptive Behaviour	Description of reality (e.g. "I can see that you are upset)
e.g. Non-compliance	Reminder of rules / Move to 'Orange' or 'Red'
	Question and response
	Assertive / repetitive statements
	Moving table / working out of class
	Loss of break/lunch time
	Removal to another class/member of Senior Leadership Team
Aggressive Behaviour	De-escalation Techniques
	Removal to another class / area of school
	Involvement of member of Senior Leadership Team
	Other class members moved for their safety
	Change of adult
	Move to 'Red'
	Phone-call home
	Cool down activity
Dangerous Behaviour*	Restraint (using Positive Handling techniques)
	Involvement of Inclusion Team
	Fixed Term Exclusion
	Permanent Exclusion

If the head teacher believes it to be necessary, the child will be supervised by more than one adult and notes will be taken. This is for the safety of both the child and staff.

#### Sexualised Behaviour:

The school will ensure that all incidents of sexualised behaviour, sexual harassment and sexual violence are met with a suitable response, and never ignored. Pupils are encouraged to report anything that makes them uncomfortable. The school's response will be: Proportionate, Considered, Supportive and Decided on a case-by-case basis. The Hackett Continuum will be used in determining how to respond and a risk assessment may need to be created.

Sanctions for sexual harassment and violence may include phone calls/meetings with parents and exclusion from school.

The school has procedures in place to respond to any allegations or concerns regarding a child's safety or wellbeing. These include clear processes for responding to a report and determining whether to:

- Manage the incident internally
- Refer to early help
- Refer to children's social care
- Report to the police

Please refer to our Safeguarding policy for more information on sexualised behaviour and peer-on-peer abuse.

#### Restraint – The use of reasonable force:

All members of the school's staff have the legal power to use reasonable force as a last resort, following the Department for Education guidance "Use of Reasonable Force – Advice for School Leaders, Staff and Governing Bodies". Reasonable force can be used to prevent pupils from committing an offence, injuring themselves or others or damaging property and to maintain good order and discipline in the classroom. A wide range of de-escalation strategies will have been tried before restraint is considered. Only members of staff who have been trained with Positive Handling techniques should be involved in the planned restraint of a child, however there will be times when it may need to be used unplanned – e.g. when someone is put in in immediate danger.

Some examples of when reasonable force may be used are to prevent a pupil leaving or entering a classroom where that behaviour might cause the harm of others, to prevent serious damage to property, prevent a pupil harming themselves through a physical outburst or prevent a pupil from attacking a member of staff or another pupil.

Positive Handling techniques seek to avoid injury, but it is possible that bruising or scratching to either children or staff may occur accidentally.

After an incident where restraint has been used an incident report is logged on CPOMS and parents are informed. Triggers or patterns are analysed and additional behavior management strategies are put into place or updated on a Behaviour Plan. Time will be spent ensuring relationships are rebuilt between all those involved. The focus is on restoring any harm done through using restorative discussion.

## Absconding From School Grounds:

In the event that a child absconds from school grounds, a member of staff will imediately alert other adults and follow calmly and at a distance until they can be re-engaged using a range of strategies. The other adults alerted will inform the Headteacher immediately and the child's parents will be phoned to alert them to the situation. The police will also be called if necessary.

# Searching and confiscation:

The school has the right to search a pupil in some circumstances, however we would avoid a forced search wherever possible and if necessary call a parent or the police if the item warrants.

There are two sets of legal provision which enables school staff to confiscate items from a pupil:

- The general power to discipline enables a member of staff to confiscate, retain or dispose of a pupils' property as a punishment.
- Power to search without consent for prohibited items, including any article that has been or is likely to be used to commit an offence, cause personal injury or damage to property or any item which has been banned by the school.

Parents are informed of items banned by the school on the child's first admission. Parents will be informed in writing of any other items which become banned throughout the child's time at school.

#### **Exclusions:**

Brooklands is an inclusive school and we believe that all children have the right to education and school is the ideal place for that. However there are times, when unfortunately, exclusion - either fixed term or permanent - is the right course of action.

DfE Exclusion Guidance states clearly that "The decision to exclude a pupil must be lawful, reasonable and fair. Schools have a statutory duty not to discriminate against pupils on the basis of protected characteristics, such as disability or race. Schools should give particular consideration to the fair treatment of pupils from groups who are vulnerable to exclusion."

It will be the Headteacher's decision to make an exclusion. This may follow single or multiple occurrences of high-level behaviour, for example:

- Actual or threatened deliberate physical violence towards others
- Dangerous behaviour that could lead directly or indirectly to serious injury or serious damage to property
- Extremely serious disruptive behaviour impacting on the learning of others, or leading to a breakdown in school discipline

Exclusion gives us the opportunity to plan for re-integration. Risk Assessments and Behaviour Plans will be drawn up if we believe a child may endanger themselves, others or property, and to ensure reasonable adjustments are made for those who have Special Education Needs or Disabilities (SEND), or vulnerable pupils (as stated in the Education Inspections Act 2006).

A decision to exclude a pupil permanently should be taken only:

- a) in response to serious breaches of the school's behaviour policy; and
- b) if allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupil or others in the school.

Permanent exclusion will usually be the final step in the disciplinary process. However, there will be exceptional circumstances when a pupil may be excluded for a first or one off offence such as violence, sexual assault, supplying an illegal drug or carrying an offensive weapon.

The school will adhere to all requirements associated with an exclusion, including notifying parents and providing suitable work for the period of the exclusion.

Further guidance documents:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/use-of-reasonable-force-in-schools

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-exclusion

 $\underline{https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/sexual-violence-and-sexual-harassment-between-children-in-schools-and-colleges}$ 

Links to other policies:

Safeguarding and Child Protection Anti-bullying SEND Equality PSHE